

GCE

Physics A

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Unit G481: Mechanics

Mark Scheme for June 2011

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All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the Report on the Examination.

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CATEGORISATION OF MARKS

The marking schemes categorise marks on the MACB scheme.

- **B** marks: These are awarded as <u>independent</u> marks, which do not depend on other marks. For a **B**-mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must be seen specifically in the candidate's answers.
- **M** marks: These are <u>method</u> marks upon which **A**-marks (accuracy marks) later depend. For an **M**-mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must be seen in the candidate's answers. If a candidate fails to score a particular **M**-mark, then none of the dependent **A**-marks can be scored.
- **C** marks: These are <u>compensatory</u> method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, providing subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. For example, if an equation carries a **C**-mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows the candidate knew the equation, then the **C**-mark is given.
- A marks: These are accuracy or <u>answer</u> marks, which either depend on an **M**-mark, or allow a **C**-mark to be scored.

Note about significant figures:

Significant figures are rigorously assessed in the practical skills. If the data given in a question is to 2 sf, then allow answers to 2 or <u>more</u> significant figures. If an answer is given to fewer than 2 sf, then penalise once only in the <u>entire</u> paper. Any exception to this rule will be mentioned in the Additional Guidance.

	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	a	i	work (done) / (elastic potential) energy	B1	Not: heat / gravitational potential energy / kinetic energy
		ii	displacement / distance	B1	
	b		 Any two from: Torque (of a couple) Moment (of a force) Work (done) / energy 	B1×2	Not: 'Couple' for 'torque' Allow: PE / KE
			Total	4	

Mark Scheme

June 2011

Qu	esti	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	a		density = mass/volume or 'density is mass <u>per</u> (unit) volume'	B1	Allow: $\rho = \frac{M}{V}$, where $M = \text{mass and } V = \text{volume}$ Not: mass per m ³
	b	i	Dramatic change(s) in <u>density</u> (at 3.0 Mm and 5.1 Mm) (AW)	B1	Not: There are three (distinct) layers / Each layer has different density
		ii	mass = $0.18 \times 6.0 \times 10^{24}$ (= 1.08×10^{24} kg) or radius = 1.3×10^{6} (m) volume = $\frac{4}{3}\pi \times (1.3 \times 10^{6})^{3}$	C1	Note: The first C1 mark is for determining the mass or the radius of core
			density = $\frac{1.08 \times 10^{24}}{9.20 \times 10^{18}}$ density = 1.2×10^5 (kg m ⁻³)	C1 A1	Possible 10^{n} errors Bald answer of 1.2×10^{5} (kg m ⁻³) or 1.17×10^{5} (kg m ⁻³) scores 3 marks Allow: 2 marks for $\frac{6.0 \times 10^{24}}{9.20 \times 10^{18}} = 6.5 \times 10^{5}$ (factor of 0.18 missed out) Note: The last two C1 and A1 marks cannot be scored if incorrect radius is used. Hence no further marks for $\frac{1.08 \times 10^{24}}{\frac{4}{3}\pi \times (6.4 \times 10^{6})^{3}}$ or $\frac{1.08 \times 10^{24}}{\frac{4}{3}\pi \times (5.1 \times 10^{6})^{3}}$, etc
			Total	5	

Mark Scheme

Qu	esti	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	a		A quantity with magnitude / size and direction	B1	
			Suitable example: displacement / velocity / acceleration / force / weight etc	B1	
	b	i	$F_x = F \cos \theta$ 7.0 = F × cos 30 F = 8.1 (N) or 8.08 (N)	C1 A1	Allow: 1 mark for 'radian' error; answer is 45.3 (N) Note: No marks for ' $7.0 \times \cos 30 = 6.06$ N'
		ii	1 $W = 7.0 \times 5.0$ or $W = 8.08 \times 5.0 \times \underline{\cos 30}$ work done = 35 (J)	C1 A1	Possible ecf Note : If answer for (b)(i) is 6.06 (N), then $6.06 \times 5.0 \times cos30 = 26.2$ (J)' scores 2/2 because of ecf
			2 'power' = $35/4.2$ = 8.3 (W)	B1	Possible ecf
	c	i	Magnitude is 120 (N) / equal to weight	B1	
		ii	Direction is (vertically) up / opposite to weight Correct diagram	B1 M1	Note : For the M1 mark, the basic diagram must have all sides labelled
			Correct detail on diagram	A1	(70, 120 and <i>T</i>) and the angle between 70 (N) and <i>T</i> is judged by eye to be 90° Note: For the A1 mark, all the arrows are marked and cyclic
			$120^2 = 70^2 + T^2$	C1	
			<i>T</i> = 97 (N) or 97.5 (N)	A1	Note: For the C1 A1 marks, $T = \sqrt{120^2 + 70^2} = 140$ scores zero Allow: 2 marks for T in the range of 94 (N) to 100 (N) if scale drawing is done
			Total	13	

Mark Scheme

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance	
4 a	 Any two from: area speed / velocity viscosity (of air) / temperature / density (surface) texture / 'aerodynamic' (shape) 	B1×2	Not: shape / size Allow: 'streamlining'	
b i	Correct <u>directions</u> of arrows <i>W</i> and <i>D</i>	B1	Award the mark for two arrows in opposite directions as long as <u>one</u> of them is labelled	
ii	weight = 75×9.81		Reminder : weight can be quoted to more than 2 sf (e.g: 735.75)	
	weight = 736 (N) or 740 (N)	B1	Not : '75 × 10 = 750 N'	
iii	$D = 0.30 \times 20^2 (= 120 \text{ N})$	C1		
	736 - 120 = 75a	C1		
	$a = 8.2 \text{ (m s}^{-2})$	A1	Allow: Answer to 2sf or more Bald answer of 8.2 or 8.21 scores 3 marks Note: Using 740 (N) gives an answer 8.3 (m s ⁻²)	
iv	(<i>D</i> and <i>W</i> are) equal	B1	Not: <i>D</i> and <i>W</i> are 'balanced/equilibrium'	
v	drag = weight			
	$736 = 0.30 \times v^2$	C1		
	$v = 49.5 \text{ (m s}^{-1}) \text{ or } 50 \text{ (m s}^{-1})$	A1	Bald answer of 49.5 (m s ⁻¹) or 50 (m s ⁻¹) scores 2 marks	
	Total	10		

Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance	
Quest 5 a	1	Expected AnswersMeasurements:height (of wall)time (of fall)Instruments:ruler / tape (measure)stopwatch / timer / clock /video $g = \frac{2s}{t^2}$ / $g = 2 \times$ gradient of $s - t^2$ graphNote: Allow full credit if candidate has usedalternative approaches using $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ or $v = u + at$.Any two from: g is an estimate because• air resistance / drag ignored• parallax problems with 'landing time'• starting / stopping the clock	Marks B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1	Additional Guidance Must use tick or cross on Scoris to show if the mark is awarded Allow: 'distance (of fall)' instead of 'height' Image: 'mark the second of the	
b	i	Radio (waves) / microwaves Time taken for the signal to travel from satellite to car is determined / 'delay' time for signal is determined distance = $c \times$ (delay) time	B1 M1 A1	Allow: speed of light $/ 3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ instead of <i>c</i> Note: Distance must be the subject for the second B1 mark	

G481		Scheme June 2011		
Question	Expected Answers Marks		Additional Guidance	
iii	Mention of circles / spheres / shells The position of the car is where the circles intersect / trilateration mentioned	B1 B1	 Note: This mark can be scored if a diagram shows circles / arcs (no label required) Note: This mark can be scored on a diagram if it shows intersecting circles / arcs and the intersection point is marked 'car' 	
	Total	12		

Mark Scheme

Qu	esti	ion	Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
6	a		Energy can neither be created nor destroyed (but it can be transformed from one form to another) or Total energy of a closed system remains constant	B1	
	b	i	loss in PE = $0.10 \times 9.81 \times 0.60$ = 0.59 (J) or 0.589 (J)	B1	
		ii	$v^2 = 2as / v^2 = 2 \times 2.8 \times 0.60 / v^2 = 3.36$	M1	
			$v = \sqrt{2 \times 2.8 \times 0.60}$ or $v = 1.833$ or $v = 1.83$ $v = 1.8 \text{ (m s}^{-1})$	M1 A0	
		iii		C1	Possible ecf from (b)(ii)
			kinetic energy = 0.405 (J) or 0.41 (J)	A1	Note: The answer is 0.42 (J) when 1.83 m s ⁻¹ is used Allow: 1 mark for 0.162 (J) if 0.10 kg mass is used or for 0.567 (J) if 0.35 kg is used
		iv	<u>KE</u> of 0.10 kg mass is not taken into account (AW)	B1	Not: 'There is friction'
			Total	7	

Mark Scheme

June 2011

Q	ues	tion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
7	a	i	Extension is proportional to force (applied as long as the elastic limit is not exceeded)	B1	Must use tick or cross on Scoris to show if the mark is awarded This B1 can only be scored when ' <i>extension</i> ' is spelled correctly Note: If ' <i>change in length</i> ' or ' Δ <i>length</i> ' used instead of ' <i>extension</i> ', then <i>length</i> must be spelled correctly Allow: stress \propto strain as BOD (stress or stain must be spelled correctly)
		ii	p → 10 ⁻¹² n → 10 ⁻⁹ $k = \frac{F}{x}$ / $k = \frac{210 \times 10^{-12}}{0.16 \times 10^{-9}}$ force constant = 1.3 (N m ⁻¹) or 1.31 (N m ⁻¹)	C1 C1 A1	Possible ecf Allow: 1 mark for '210/0.16 =1312.5'
	b	i	$E = \text{gradient} / E = \text{stress/strain (linear section)}$ $E = \frac{70 \times 10^6}{0.8 \times 10^{-3}}$	C1 A1	Allow: An answer in the range $(8.3 \text{ to } 9.1) \times 10^{10}$ (Pa)
			$E = 8.8 \times 10^{10}$ (Pa) or 8.75×10^{10} (Pa) unit: N m ⁻² or Pa	B1	Allow: 1 mark for an answer 8.75×10^n , $n \neq 10$ Note: This is an independent mark
		ii	breaking stress = 6.0×10^7 (Pa) $A = \frac{19}{6.0 \times 10^7}$ (Any subject) $A = 3.2 \times 10^{-7}$ (m ²) or 3.17×10^{-7} (m ²)	C1 A1	Allow: 1 mark $3.17 \times 10^{n} \text{ (m}^{2})$, $n \neq -7$ Note: No marks if breaking stress of <u>6.0</u> × 10 ⁿ is not used
			Total	9	

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