THE 2012

REPUBLICAN





2/15/2011

6/05/2011

9/23/2011

1/1:

RCP Poll Averages – December 2011

Obama (D)	Republican (R)	Spread	
42.8%	44.3%	Republican +1.5%	
Obama (D)	Romney (R)	Spread	
46%	45.1%	Obama +0.9%	
Obama (D)	Perry (R)	Spread	
50.2%	40%	Obama +10.2%	
Obama (D)	Bachmann (R)	Spread	
49.7%	35.7%	Obama +14%	
Obama (D)	Paul (R)	Spread	
47.3%	38.5%	Obama +8.8%	
Obama (D)	Gingrich (R)	Spread	
49.3%	41.9%	Obama +7.4%	
Obama (D)	Huntsman (R)	Spread	
46.3%	37.7%	Obama +8.6%	

Candidate	Total Receipts to end 2011	Total spending to end 2011	Cash On Hand
Mitt Romney	\$56,884,330	\$36,968,828	\$19,916,126
Ron Paul	\$26,109,606	\$24,198,106	\$1,904,915
Rick Perry	\$20,109,798	\$16,347,912	\$3,761,886
Herman Cain	\$16,874,813	\$15,894,177	\$986,430
Newt Gingrich	\$12,733,254	\$10,624,423	\$2,108,831
Michele Bachmann	\$9,259,624	\$8,900,899	\$358,725
Jon Huntsman	\$5,918,425	\$5,807,460	\$110,965
Tim Pawlenty	\$5,890,445	\$5,844,177	\$46,268
Rick Santorum	\$2,206,975	\$1,928,040	\$278,935
Fred Karger	\$739,267	\$423 <i>,</i> 915	\$16,041
Gary Johnson	\$578,125	\$560,112	\$18,013
Thaddeus McCotter	\$513,816	\$518,454	\$927
Buddy Roemer	\$345,032	\$335,556	\$9,476



Average July–Dec. 2011 Tone–Weighted News Share





Republican Iowa Caucus results - Jan 3rd 2012





Republican New Hampshire primary results - Jan 10th 2012



 Turnout

 2012
 248,000 ↑3.3%

 2008
 240,000

 N Hampshire pop 1.3M

 231,611 registered

 Republicans

 312,621 Undeclared voters

 Turnout in semi-open

 primary = 46%

19th Jan - Newsflash! Turns out the Iowa GOP can't count! – Santorum now announced as winner of caucuses by 34 votes



Republican South Carolina primary results – Jan 21st 2012





Republican Florida primary results – Jan 31st 2012

32%

Winner takes all state - Romney awarded all 50 delegates

<u>Turnout</u>

 2012
 1,650,000
 ↓ 15.4%

 2008
 1,950,000

 Florida pop 18.8M

 4,063,853 registered Republicans

 Turnout in closed primary = 41%









2012 32,930 ↓25.2%
2008 44,000
Nevada pop 2.7M
400,310 registered Republicans

Turnout in closed caucus = 8%

Republican Nevada Caucus results – February 4th 2012



GOP delegate count 5th February - 1144 needed for victory







Republican Minnesota Caucus results: February 7th 2012

11%

27%

17%

45%

Turnout

2012 53,500 ↓ 22.7%
2008 63,000
Minnesota pop 5.3M
3,090,000 voters (not registered by party)
Turnout in open caucus = 2%









Republican Michigan primary results – February 28th 2012

12%

<u>Turnout</u>		
2012	,968,148	个 11.4%
2008	869169	
Michiga	n pop 9.9M	
Turnout	in open prima	ary = 13%



7%



41%

38%

Republican **Wyoming** caucus results -February 29th 2012

Turnout

2012

2008













Republican North Dakota caucus results – March 6th 2012



Republican Alaska caucus results – March 6th 2012

14%

4%

29%

32%





Republican Massachusetts primary results – March 6th 2012

 Turnout

 2012
 361,392 $\checkmark 28\%$

 2008
 501,997

 Massachusetts pop 6.5M

 466,431 registered Republicans

 2,145,108 registered unenrolled

 Turnout in semi-open primary = 13.8%







primary results – March 6th 2012

 Turnout

 2012
 283,308
 ↓15.4%

 2008
 335,054

 Oklahoma pop 3.8M

 828,257 registered Republicans

 Turnout in closed primary = 34.2%

Republican Virginia primary results – March 6th 2012


Republican Tennessee primary results – March 6th 2012

24% 37% 9% 28% <u>Turnout</u> 2012 **↓**2.2% 541796 2008 553815 Tennessee pop 6.3M **Turnout** in open primary = 11.6%









Republican Vermont primary results – March 6th 2012

<u>Turnout</u>					
58,551	个 46%				
40,120					
Vermont pop 0.63M					
Turnout in open primary = 12%					
	40,120 pop 0.63N				





Republican Georgia primary results – March 6th 2012

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2012	893,335	↓ 7.3%			
2008	963,541				
Georgia pop 9.7M					
Turnout in open primary = 13.69					



Republican Kansas caucus results – March 10th 2012



Situation on March 11th

12:1

all the





Republican Hawaii caucus results – March 13th 2012



Turnout					
2012	9365	n/a			
2008 n/a					
Hawaii pop 1.4M					
Turnout in open caucus = 1%					







Republican Illinois primary results – March 20th 2012

T	ัน	r	n	0	u	t	

 2012
 907919
 ↑0.9%

 2008
 899442

 Illinois pop 12.8M

 Turnout in open primary = 10.3%





Situation on April 1st

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J.







Republican Maryland primary results – April 3rd 2012

11%

29%

49%



9%

 2012
 238,018
 ↓ 25.8%

 2008
 320,989

 Maryland pop 5.7M

 930,155 registered Republicans

 Turnout in closed primary = 26%

GOP Delegate Count 4th April 2012 - 1144 needed to win







Republican Connecticut primary results – April 24th 2012









 Turnout

 2012
 28,591
 ↓ 43%

 2008
 50,237

 Delaware pop 0.9M

 178,090 registered Republicans

 Turnout in closed primary = 16%





27%

11%

56%

Republican Rhode Island primary results April 24th 2012

6%

63%

6%

24%

<u>Turnout</u>

2012 14,525 ↓ 47%
2008 27,237
Rhode Island pop 1M
70,905 registered Republicans
337,927 registered Independent/Unaffiliated
Turnout in semi-open primary = 3.6%

Situation on April 29th

GOP Delegate Count 29th April 2012 - 1144 needed to win







Republican North Carolina primary results – May 8th 2012



Republican West Virginia primary results – May 8th 2012



 Turnout

 2012
 110,134

 2008
 n/a

 West Virginia pop 1.85M

 Turnout in open primary = 7.6%

70%

6%

12%

11%



Turnout in GOP primaries and caucuses 2012 - % of eligible voters





TURNOUT ISSUES

	Figures for states up to 9 th May:		
	open	closed	
caucus average	2%	9%	
primary average	13%	24%	

- Overall GOP turnout was slightly (1.3%) down on 2008, despite the competitive race lasting two months longer.
- Nationally the 17.3% combined turnout of eligible voters in states holding primaries for both parties was well down on the 30.2% of 2008 (although 2008 saw a record for any year since 1972's 30.9%).
- 17.3% was also lower than the last time in which only one party had a competitive primary race – 2004, which saw 18.9% turnout.

TURNOUT ISSUES, cont.

- **Caucuses** Iowa's 20% turnout was the largest caucus turnout by some way and distorts the closed caucus average
 - Alaska on 10% in a closed caucus is the next highest figure
 - For comparison, in 2008 39% of Iowa Democrats turned out, compared to c20% of Iowa Republicans in the same year.
- Primaries New Hampshire's 46% turnout was the highest (semi-open primary, not counted in averages above as only 4 examples)
 - Florida's 40% the highest closed primary
 - South Carolina's 22% the highest open primary
 - For comparison, in 2008 New Hampshire's semi-open primary was also the highest in the USA with 53.6%
- So earliest states tend to see higher turnout, but lots of exceptions to this pattern
 - e.g. Nevada 8% in closed caucus on 4th Feb vs Oklahoma 34% in closed primary on 6th March

GOP Delegate Count 9th May 2012 - 1144 needed to win



The withdrawal of Gingrich from the race on 9th May effectively made Romney the GOP nominee, although Ron Paul stayed in.

- Romney actually reached the 1144 delegate mark after the Texas primary on May 29th.
- At that point only 6 states had yet to vote: California, New Jersey, South Dakota, Montana, New Mexico and Utah
- The primary season finished on June 26th when Utah voted, although some state conventions did not award their delegates until after this date.

Situation on June 26th



GOP Delegate Count 26th June 2012 - 1144 needed to win





/05/2011

9/23/2011

1/11/2012

4/30/2012

GOP Convention Roll Call Vote - 28th August 2012



Why did Romney win?

- "Next in line" after 2008
- Winner of Invisible Primary
 - high name recognition including news coverage + signals of party elite via endorsements
 - The most money and best organisation
- Contrary to received wisdom:
 - GOP Primary voters (incl Tea Party supporters) viewed him favourably
 - GOP Primary voters did not regard him as too moderate he was closer to them, on average, than Santorum
 - And even if primary/caucus voters preferred another candidate to Romney, they often had him as their second preference
 - (so if one of Gingrich or Santorum had pulled out early, the other would not have rallied the "conservative vote")

Also:

- Favourable schedule rivals could win odd states but never able to sustain momentum
- Romney perceived as best placed to beat Obama in the General Election



Figure 3.7.

Views of GOP presidential candidates by likely Republican primary voters (December 2011).

Data are from a YouGov survey. N = 14,051.



Figure 3.8.

Views of Romney by different groups of likely Republican primary voters (December 2011).

Data are from a YouGov survey.

Figure 3.8.

Views of Romney by different groups of likely Republican primary voters (December 2011).

Data are from a YouGov survey.



Figure 3.9.

Ideological placements of GOP presidential candidates and themselves by likely Republican primary voters.

Data are from a YouGov survey conducted December 31, 2011–January 2, 2012. N = 281.





Figure 4.11.

Electability, ideology, and the Romney vote.

The graph presents the percentage of Republican primary voters who supported Romney, broken down by whether they were ideologically closest to him and whether they believed he, Gingrich, and/or Santorum could beat Barack Obama. Data from YouGov polls from January through early April (before Santorum's exit).